

# **FINAL DOCUMENT**

Title: AHWP Post-Market Surveillance (PMS) Survey Report

2017

**Authoring Group:** Work Group 4, Post-Market

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Ms Jennifer MAK

Chair, Work Group 4

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**Appendix 1 – Questionnaire on Post-Market Surveillance (PMS)** 

## 1. Objectives

- 1.1 Medical devices play an important role in health care setting by offering opportunities for improved diagnosis and management of disease, but at the same time, they also carry substantial risks. After a new medical device is introduced to the market, the process of post-market surveillance (PMS) provides ongoing assessment and monitoring on the safety and effectiveness of the device. Although different jurisdictions may adopt different approaches in medical device PMS, all medical device regulatory systems share the same goal in protecting public health while ensuring the continued access to the benefits of new technologies. A survey has been conducted to see how the PMS on medical devices differ in various jurisdictions.
- 1.2 The following fundamental post-market controls will be covered in this survey report:
  - (a) Adverse Event Reporting;
  - (b) Product Recall; and
  - (c) Field Safety Corrective Action (FSCA)

#### 2. Definitions

- **Note:** The definitions of "Adverse Event (AE)", "Product Recall" and "Field Safety Corrective Action (FSCA)" were not provided in the survey questionnaire, as the survey aims at collecting the latest information regarding the availability of the said definitions in different jurisdictions. For the purpose of this survey report, definitions on the terms are provided for reference only.
- 2.1 Adverse Event (AE) in general, means any untoward medical occurrence, unintended disease or injury or any untoward clinical signs, including abnormal laboratory finding, in patients, users or other person. For detailed reporting criteria of adverse events, in relation to medical device, please refer to the AHWP Guidance Document "Adverse Event Reporting Guidance for the Medical Device Manufacturer or its Authorized Representative (AHWP/WG4/F001:2015)".
- 2.2 **Product Recall** means the permanent removal from the market and/or destruction of devices, when the device has or may have a safety problem.
- 2.3 Field Safety Corrective Action (FSCA) is any remedial action, including preventive and

corrective, taken by a manufacturer for reducing the risk of death or serious deterioration in the state of health associated with the use of the medical device. The action includes product recalls, device modification, implant alert, device precaution and user warning.

## 3. Survey Method

3.1 The survey was conducted during 11 July 2017 to 30 September 2017. Both hard copy and online version of the Questionnaire on PMS (**Appendix 1**) were prepared. The questionnaire was sent out to the AHWP primary representatives through the AHWP Secretariat. Representatives from other jurisdictions were also reached out for returns in different occasions during the period.

#### **AHWP** jurisdictions

Abu Dhabi	Indonesia	Myanmar	State of Kuwait
Brunei Darussalam	Jordon	Pakistan	Tanzania
Cambodia	Kazakhstan	People's Republic of China	Thailand
Chile	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	Philippines	Vietnam
Chinese Taipei	Laos PDR	Republic of Korea	Yemen
Hong Kong SAR, China	Malaysia	Singapore	
India	Mongolia	South Africa	

#### Non-AHWP jurisdictions

Australia	Germany	Papua New Guinea	USA
Europe	Japan	Peru	

3.2 There are a total of 20 survey returns received from 13 AHWP and 7 non-AHWP jurisdictions:

## AHWP jurisdictions

Abu Dhabi	Indonesia	Republic of Korea	Yemen
Chile	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	Singapore	
Chinese Taipei	Malaysia	Thailand	
Hong Kong SAR, China	Philippines	Vietnam	

#### Non-AHWP jurisdictions

Australia	Germany	Papua New Guinea	USA
Europe	Japan	Peru	

## 4. Survey Results

**Note:** This survey report was fielded in July – September 2017, and the survey results may not reflect the latest development of the post-market measures adopted in individual jurisdictions.

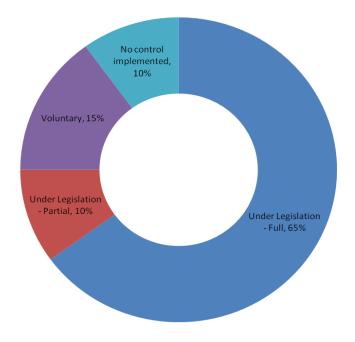
#### 4.1 Medical Device Legislation

- 4.1.1 The majority (95%) has medical device legislation implemented in their jurisdictions (**Chart 1**).
- 4.1.2 Most regulatory authorities of the jurisdictions (75%) implement post-market control under their medical device legislation 65% fully implemented and 10% partially implemented. 15% of them only implement voluntary post-market control (Chart 2).

Chart 1 Medical Device Legislation Implementation



Chart 2 Post-market Controls Implementation



4.1.3 The post-market controls implemented in most of the jurisdictions (60%) include the adverse events (AE) reporting, product recall and FSCA (**Chart 3**). Some regulatory authorities of the jurisdictions (28%) strengthen their post-market systems by imposing additional controls, e.g. testing of product samples, compliance audit of manufacturers and periodic post-market reviews.

AE + Recall, 6%

AE + FSCA, 6%

AE + FSCA +

Additional

Control

28%

AE + Recall +

FSCA

60%

**Chart 3** Elements of post-market control

## 4.2 Adverse Event Reporting

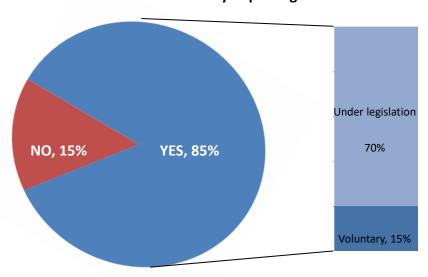
4.2.1 The regulatory authorities in all jurisdictions have defined "Reportable Adverse Event" (Chart 4), with 35% of them adopting the International Medical Device Regulatory Forum (IMDRF)'s recommendation, 25% adopting the definition suggested by ASEAN Agreement on Medical Device Directive, while 35% of them have their own definitions.

Country Specific, 35%

ASEAN AMDD, 25%

**Chart 4** Definition of Reportable Adverse Event

4.2.2 The majority (85%) requires mandatory reporting of the AE under either the medical device legislation or a voluntary system (**Chart 5**).



**Chart 5** Mandatory Reporting of Adverse Event

4.2.3 Authorized representative (60%) and local manufacturer (45%) of the medical device are required to report the AEs in most jurisdictions (**Chart 6**).

Authorized Representative / Registrant

Local Manufacturer

Operator

Importer

Wholesaler / Distributor

Overseas Manufacturer

Retailer

S%

User, including a member of public

No data available

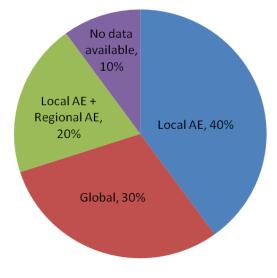
5%

Chart 6 Party responsible for the Mandatory Reporting of Adverse Event

Note: Operator refers to Healthcare Institutions or Healthcare Professionals

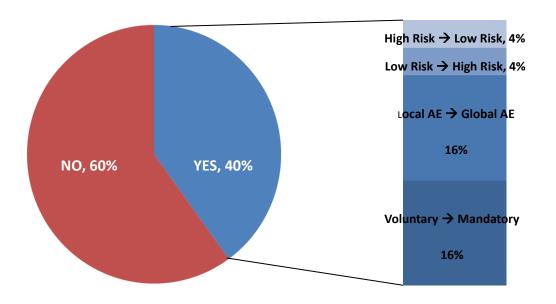
4.2.4 Regarding the reporting scope, 40% of the regulatory authorities require local adverse events to be reported only. 25% of the regulatory authorities require both local and regional adverse events to be reported and 30% of them require global adverse events to be reported (Chart 7).

Chart 7 Geographical scope of Adverse Event Reporting



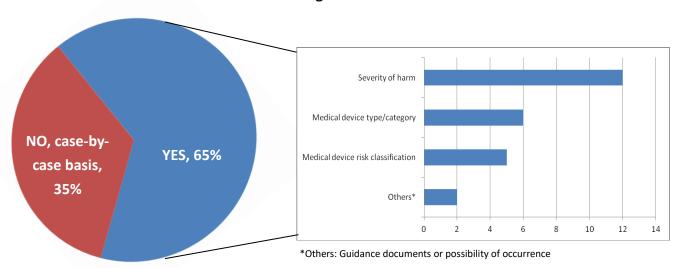
4.2.5 The adverse events reporting controls were not implemented by phases in most jurisdictions (60%) (**Chart 8**).

**Chart 8** Phase Implementation for Adverse Event Reporting Controls



4.2.6 Over half of regulatory authorities in the jurisdictions (65%) categorize the adverse events according to medical device risk classification, medical device type / category and severity of harm (**Chart 9**).

**Chart 9** Categorization of Adverse Events



4.2.7 60% of regulatory authorities in the jurisdictions conduct adverse events trending according to medical device risk classification and medical device type / category (**Chart 10**).

NO, 40%

YES, 60%

Medical device type/category

Medical device risk classification

Others\*

Others – possibility of occurrence, severity of harm, case-by-case basis or other parameters, e.g. GMDN

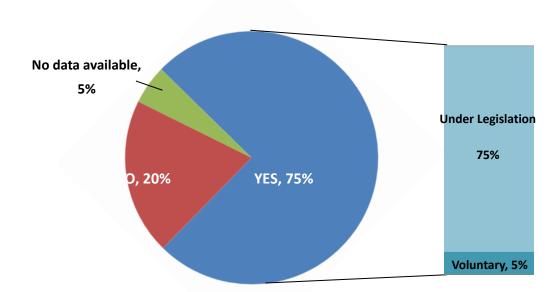
**Chart 10 Adverse Event Trending** 

#### 4.3 Product Recall

4.3.1 The majority (75%) has its own definition of product recall (**Chart 11**), and mandatory reporting of product recall is required in 75% of the jurisdictions either under a statutory or a voluntary regulatory system (**Chart 12**).



Chart 11 Own definition of "Product Recall"



**Chart 12** Mandatory Reporting of Product Recall

4.3.2 Authorized representative (70%) and local manufacturer (60%) are responsible for conducting the product recall in most jurisdictions; while importer (40%) and wholesaler/distributor (40%) are required to be involved in the product recall in some jurisdictions (**Chart 13**).

Authorized Representative

Local Manufacturer

Importer

Wholesaler / Distributor

Retailer

Overseas Manufacturer

No data available

Town

Tow

Chart 13 Party who is responsible for Conducting Product Recall

4.3.3 Half of regulatory authorities in the jurisdictions categorize the product recall cases according to medical device risk classification, medical device type / category, severity of harm, distribution of nonconforming devices, likelihood of risk, false positive / negative results, etc (**Chart 14**).

No data available, 5%

Distribution of nonconforming devices

Risk factors for HCPs or caregivers

Medical device type/category

Medical device risk classification

Likelihood of risk

Patient tolerance of risk

Others

O 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

**Chart 14** Categorization of Product Recall

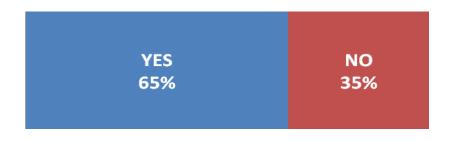
\*Others: Guidance Documents; HCPs = Healthcare Professionals

## 4.4 Field Safety Corrective Action (FSCA)

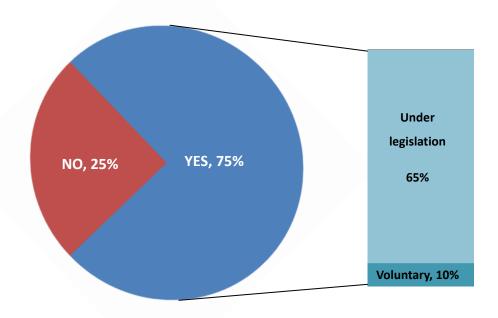
4.4.1 Most of regulatory authorities in the jurisdictions (65%) have their own definitions of FSCA (**Chart 15**), and 70% of them require mandatory reporting of product recall either under a statutory or a voluntary regulatory system

(Chart 16).

Chart 15 Own definition of Field Safety Corrective Action (FSCA)

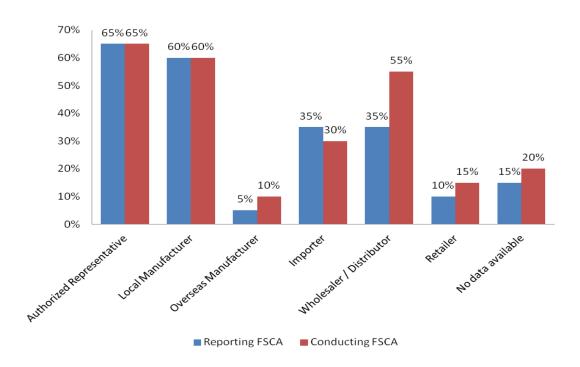


**Chart 16** Mandatory Reporting of FSCA

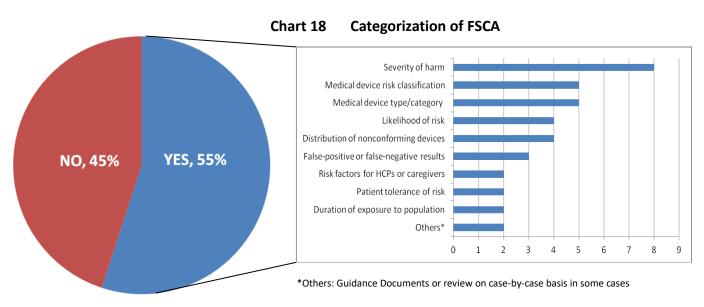


4.4.2 Authorized representative and local manufacturer are responsible for reporting and conducting FSCAs in most jurisdictions (**Chart 17**).

**Chart 17** Party responsible for Reporting and Conducting FSCAs

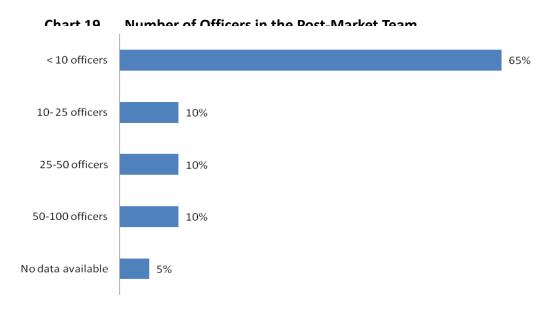


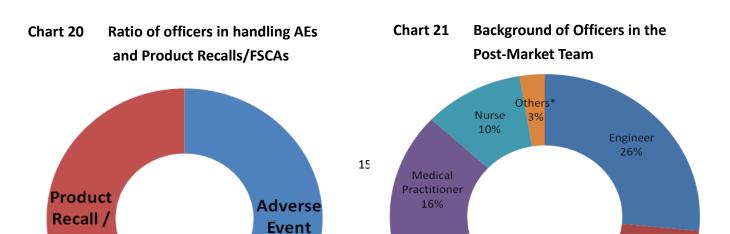
4.4.3 More than half of regulatory authorities in the jurisdictions (55%) categorize the FSCA cases according to medical device risk classification, medical device type / category, severity of harm, distribution of nonconforming devices, likelihood of risk, false positive / negative results, etc (Chart 18)



## 4.5 Post-market Team Composition

4.5.1 Most of the regulatory authorities in the jurisdictions have less than 10 officers in their post-market team (**Chart 19**), with 1:1 ratio of officers (or efforts) in handling adverse events and product recalls / FSCAs (**Chart 20**). Most of the officers in the post-market team are pharmacists, engineers and scientists (**Chart 21**).





#### 5. Observations

- 5.1 Similar PMS control frameworks covering the fundamental elements of AE reporting, product recall and FSCA are implemented in most jurisdictions. Depending on the resources available and public health concerns, the regulatory authority of individual jurisdiction may strengthen the PMS system by implementing additional controls, e.g. testing of product samples, compliance audit of manufacturers and periodic postmarket reviews.
- 5.2 Survey data shows that "Reportable AE" is defined similarly in quite a number of jurisdictions (60%), either adopting IMDRF or AESAN recommendations. For jurisdictions with their own definitions, there is insufficient information to check how far their definitions deviate from the IMDRF or AHWP recommendations. It is also noted that regulatory authorities tend to adopt different approaches in managing AE, probably due to -
  - (a) The infrastructure of the local medical device industry;
  - (b) The local public health concerns; and
  - (c) The resources available.
- 5.3 The definition of FSCA suggested by the IMDRF or AHWP covers product recall. In order to cater the local situation, many regulatory authorities have their own definitions of FSCA and product recall rather than adopting IMDRF or AHWP recommendations. Yet there is insufficient information to check how far their own

definitions deviate from the IMDRF or AHWP recommendations. It is also noted that most of the regulatory authorities adopt two different systems in managing the FSCAs and product recalls.

5.4 Despite the lack of harmonized standards in managing FSCAs and product recalls, the survey data shows that a similar approach in managing FSCA and product recall is shared among half of the jurisdictions, which mainly based on the severity of harm.

## 6. Way Forward

From the above observations, harmonization for PMS of medical devices is found achieved to a certain extent for jurisdictions in this survey. To facilitate further progress, the following measured may be considered:

- 6.1 More experience sharing and exchange of views on PMS work amongst the regulatory authorities from different jurisdictions can be arranged to explore the possibility in aligning the actual implementation practice, while better communications with the industry would also help.
- 6.2 More guidelines on PMS related issues (e.g. managing the FSCA and product recall) can be developed as reference.
- 6.3 To have a better visualization on the harmonization progress of the PMS for medical devices, a gap analysis can be conducted in comparing how far the IMDRF and AHWP's recommendations including the definitions and systems of FSCAs and product recalls are being adopted in different jurisdictions. Further analysis can be carried out to see if the differences can be narrowed down without comprising the public health in different jurisdictions.

#### 7. References

- 7.1 Adverse Event Reporting Guidance for the Medical Device Manufacturer or its Authorized Representative (AHWP/WG4/F001:2015)
- 7.2 Definition and Classification of Field Corrective Actions including Field Safety

## AHWP Post-Market Surveillance (PMS) Survey Report 2017

## Work Group 4 AHWP/WG4/F001: 2018

Corrective Actions, Recalls and Non Safety related Field Corrective Actions (AHWP/WG2/F002:2012)

7.3 Medical Device Regulation (EU) 2017/745, Article 2 (57) Definition of adverse event



## Work Group 4 Post-Market Survey on Post-Market Surveillance (PMS)

Member Economy		
Organization		
Contact Person		
Conta	ct E-mail	
Q1	Yes No Currently But plans device leg	e regulatory controls currently legislated in your jurisdiction?  there is no medical device regulatory controls underway for legal regulations (estimated effect date of the medical slation: (year) s a voluntary regulatory system and plans underway for legal s (estimated effect date of the medical device legislation: (year)
Q2	jurisdiction?  Yes Full imple Partial im Full imple	mentation under the medical device legislation plementation under the medical device legislation plementation under the medical device legislation mentation under a voluntary regulatory system plementation under a voluntary regulatory system
Q3	select all that app Adverse Even Product Recal Field Safety C	trols under the medical device post-market surveillance? (please ly)  ts Reporting (Please complete Q4)  Is (Please complete Q5)  orrective Actions (FSCA) (please complete Q6)  e specify:



Q4	Adverse Event Reporting
(a)	What is the definition of "Reportable Adverse Event" in your jurisdiction?
	Adopt International Medical Device Regulators' Forum (IMDRF)
	Adopt ASEAN Agreement on Medical Device Directive (AMDD)
	Country specific definition, please specify:
(b)	Is the Adverse Event Reporting mandatory in your jurisdiction?
	Yes
	It's mandatory under the medical device legislation
	It's mandatory under the voluntary regulatory system
	□ No
	No plans to regulate yet
	☐ But plans underway to implement (estimated effect date: (year)
(c)	Who are responsible for reporting the Adverse Events to the regulatory authority in
	your jurisdiction? (please select all that apply)
	Mandatory Reporting
	Authorized Representative / Registrant
	Local Manufacturer
	Overseas Manufacturer
	Importer
	Wholesaler / Distributor
	Retailer
	Operator, e.g. Healthcare Institutions or Healthcare Professionals
	User, including a member of public
	Voluntary Reporting
	Authorized Representative / Registrant
	Local Manufacturer
	Overseas Manufacturer
	Importer
	Wholesaler / Distributor
	Retailer
	Operator, e.g. Healthcare Institutions or Healthcare Professionals
	User including a member of public
	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i



(u)	authority in your jurisdiction?
	Only local Adverse Events (occurring within your jurisdiction) are required to be
	reported
	Both local Adverse Events and regional Adverse Events (occurring in a specified
	region, e.g. EU, ASEAN) are required to be reported
	Adverse Events occurring globally are required to be reported
(e)	Was/Is there phased implementation for Adverse Event reporting controls?
	1 <sup>st</sup> phase: Local reporting, 2 <sup>nd</sup> phase: Global reporting
	1 st phase: Voluntary reporting, 2 <sup>nd</sup> phase: Mandatory reporting
	1 phase: Voluntary reporting, 2 phase: Mandatory reporting  1st phase: Higher risk classes of devices, 2nd phase: Lower risk classes of devices
	1 phase: Higher risk classes of devices, 2 phase: Lower risk classes of devices  1st phase: Lower risk classes of devices, 2 <sup>nd</sup> phase: Higher risk classes of devices
	Others, please specify:
	∐ No
(f)	Does the regulatory authority categorize the Adverse Event Reports received? (please
.,	select all that apply)
	Yes, cases are categorized according to the following factor(s) for risk-based
	follow-up actions:
	Medical device risk classification
	Medical device type / category (e.g. orthopaedics implantables, percutaneous
	coronary intervention devices)
	Severity of harm i.e. death, serious injury, threats to public health, etc.
	Others, please specify:
	No, cases are reviewed and handled on case-by-case basis
(g)	Does the regulatory authority conduct Adverse Event trending? (please select all that
107	apply)
	Yes, and factor(s) being considered for the trending procedure is/are
	Medical device risk classification
	Medical device type / category (e.g. orthopaedics implantables, percutaneous
	coronary intervention devices)
	Others, please specify:
	No



Q5	Product Recall
(a)	Is there any definition of "Product Recall" in your jurisdiction?
	Yes, please specify:
	□ No
(b)	Is the product recall mandatory in your jurisdiction?
	Yes
	It's mandatory order from the regulatory authority under the medical device
	legislation
	It's mandatory order from the regulatory authority under the voluntary
	regulatory system
	□ No
	No plans to regulate yet
	But plans underway to implement (estimated effect date: (year)
(c)	Who are responsible for conducting the product recall in your jurisdiction? (please
	select all that apply)
	Authorized Representative
	Local Manufacturer
	Overseas Manufacturer
	Importer
	Wholesaler / Distributor
	Retailers
(d)	Does the regulatory authority categorize the product recall when the cases are
	identified? (please select all that apply)
	Yes, cases are categorized according to the following factor(s) for risk-based
	follow-up actions:
	Medical device risk classification
	Medical device type / category
	Severity of harm, i.e. death, serious injury, threats to public health, etc.
	Likelihood of risk
	Distribution of nonconforming devices
	Duration of exposure to population
	False-positive or false-negative results
	Patient tolerance of risk
	Risk factors for healthcare professionals or caregivers



	Others, please specify:
	No, cases are reviewed and handled on case-by-case basis
Q6	Field Safety Corrective Actions (FSCA)
(a)	Is there any definition of "Field Safety Corrective Actions" in your jurisdiction?
	Yes, please specify:
	□ No
(b)	Is the FSCA mandatory to be reported and conducted in your jurisdiction?
	It's mandatory under the medical device legislation
	It's mandatory under the voluntary regulatory system
	No
	No plans to regulate yet
	But plans underway to implement (estimated effect date: (year)
(c)	Who are responsible for reporting and conducting the FSCA in your jurisdiction?
	(please select all that apply)
	Reporting FSCA
	Authorized Representative
	Local Manufacturer
	Overseas Manufacturer
	Importer
	Wholesaler / Distributor
	Retailer
	Conducting FSCA
	Authorized Representative
	Local Manufacturer
	Overseas Manufacturer
	Importer
	Wholesaler / Distributor
	Retailer



(d)	Does the regulatory authority categorize the FSCAs reported? (please select all that
	apply)
	Yes, cases reported are categorized according to the following factor(s) for
	risk-based follow-up actions:
	Medical device risk classification
	Medical device type / category
	Severity of harm, i.e. death, serious injury, threats to public health, etc.
	Likelihood of risk
	Distribution of nonconforming devices
	Duration of exposure to population
	False-positive or false-negative results
	Patient tolerance of risk
	Risk factors for healthcare professionals or caregivers
	Others, please specify:
	No, cases are reviewed and handled on case-by-case basis
Q7	The approximate number of cases handled annually by the regulatory authority in your jurisdiction:  Adverse Events Reporting (Case handled annually:)  Product Recalls (Case handled annually:)  Field Safety Corrective Actions (Case handled annually:)
Q8	The number of officer in the post-market team in the regulatory authority in your
	jurisdiction:
	< 10 officers
	10 – 25 officers
	25 – 50 officers
	50 – 100 officers
	> 100 officers
	Approximate breakdown:
	Adverse Events: officers
	Product Recalls / FSCA: officers
	Others, please specify::officers



Q9	What are the education or professional backgrounds of the officers in your jurisdiction?
	(please also specify the number of officers)
	Adverse Events
	Engineer, ( officers)
	Medical Practitioner (officers)
	Nurse (officers)
	Pharmacist ( officers)
	Scientist ( officers)
	Others, please specify ( officers)
	Product Recall / FSCA
	Engineer (officers)
	Medical Practitioner ( officers)
	Nurse ( officers)
	Pharmacist ( officers)
	Scientist ( officers)
	Others, please specify (officers)
Q10	How many local medical device manufacturers (i.e. Establishment licence of medical
	device manufacturing) are in your jurisdiction?
	< 100
	100 – 500
	500 – 1,000
	1,000 – 3,000
	> 3,000
Q11	How many medical device distributor / importer are in your jurisdiction?
	☐ <100
	100 – 500
	500 – 1000
	1,000 – 3,000
	> 3,000



Q12	How many healthcare facilities (hospitals, clinics, clinic labs, nursing homes) are in your
	jurisdiction?
	< 5,000
	5,000 – 10,000
	10,000 – 20,000
	> 20,000

#### Remark:

- Thank you for your time an effort to complete this survey. Please note that the
  information collected in this survey will be used by AHWP TC WG4 as a reference for
  developing work or formulating the future activities for PMS.
- 2. Please return this questionnaire to WG4 by sending emails to <a href="mailto:secretariat@ahwp.info">secretariat@ahwp.info</a> and <a href="mailto:so1\_mdco@dh.gov.hk">so1\_mdco@dh.gov.hk</a>

-THE END -