GHWP/WG3/PF001:2024



# **Global Harmonization Working Party**

Towards Medical Device Harmonization

# **PROPOSED FINAL DOCUMENT**

Title:	Software as a Medical Device (SaMD) Pre- Market Submission Requirement – Comparison of requirement from Key jurisdictions
Authoring Group:	Work Group 3, Pre-market: SaMD
Date:	November 2024

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GLOBAL HARMONIZATION WORKING PARTY TECHNICAL COMMITTEE

# Software as a Medical Device (SaMD) Pre-Market Submission Requirement

### Comparison of requirements from key jurisdictions

# White Paper

GHWP TC WORK GROUP 3



11	
12	Acknowledgements
13	
14	This Guidance document was based on Work Group 3 of GHWP and with
15	subsequence contributions from Technical Committee and advisors: Mr.
16	Abdullatif Al Watban, Mr. Tony Yip (WG3), Keiichiro Ozawa (DITTA), Dr. Adel
17	Alhajji (Kuwait MoH), Dr. Lindsay Tao (Johnson & Johnson), Ms. Sumati Randeo
18	(DHR Holding India), Mr. Greg LeBlanc (Cook Medical), Dr. Ir. Peter Linders.
19	Their invaluable input is hereby acknowledged with deep appreciation. The
20	current version is led by Work Group 3 and with subsequent contributions
21	from Technical Committee; Mr. Tony Yip ; Mr. Hideki Asai; Mr. Sharad Mi.
22	Shukla; Dr. Sheng-Hui Liao; Ms. Lannice Wu; Cui, Ms. Jacqui Cui; Mr. Qin
23	Chuan; Dr. Tai-Long Chen; Dr. Chia-Hung Kevin Kuo, Mr. Winson Teng, Ms.
24	Carol Xia, Mr. Ting-Han Chien, Dr. Hala L.Alhodaib, Ms. Crystal (Qian) Dong,

whom we would like to greatly acknowledge.

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**1.** <u>Preface</u>

#### 

54 The objective of this whitepaper is to provide a summary of the regulatory requirements for Software

as Medical Device (SaMD) pre-market submissions of a few jurisdictions. This document is intended

to serve as an educational resource to promote awareness and understanding of these requirements.

- 57 It is important to note that this whitepaper does not offer any guidance or recommendations, but
- rather aims to inform and educate stakeholders about the existing regulatory landscape. WG3 will
   update this document from time to time to reflect any major regulatory changes.

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#### 80 2. Introduction

81 The increasing amount of Software as a Medical Device (SaMD) as well as rapid technology evolvement

- leads to a great deal of complexity when applying existing medical device regulations to these devices
   around the world.
- The manufacturer of a SaMD product, often called the "developer", has a different perspective than the manufacturer of a traditional medical device when designing, "manufacturing", and marketing the product. Regulators will need to take this into account when developing their regulatory requirements for SaMD products. Mutual understanding between the software industry and regulators is essential
- to ensure appropriate regulatory controls without obstructing patient's timely access to healthcare.
- The first step is always the hardest. Sometimes new industry players may mis-interpret how existing regulatory requirements apply to their products, or regulatory authorities may start to regulate SaMD in a suboptimal way. Helpful material can be found in SaMD Software Qualification and Risk Categorization guidance documents, such as AHWP/WG3/F001:2015 Guidance Document on Qualification of Medical device Software and AHWP/WG3/F001:2016 Guidance document on Risk Categorisation of Software as a Medical Device.
- 95 We have collected pre-market submission requirements for some regulatory bodies and jurisdictions, 96 such as Australia Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA), Japan MHLW, China NMPA, Republic of 97 Korea (South Korea) MFDS, and Singapore HSA – with reference to their published guidelines for 98 medical software regulation and pre-market submission requirements. To ensure clarity, our focus 99 will be exclusively on the pre-market submission requirements for SaMD, while excluding AI-based 100 medical devices, Digital Therapeutics (DTx), and Clinical Decision Support Software (CDSS).
- The main aim of this white paper is to summarize the current regulatory environment around the world, by comparing different pre-market submission requirement across jurisdictions, for next development of GHWP guidelines. These can then serve as member economies' key reference in establishing, in a consistent way, an economic and effective approach to the control of software as medical device in the interest of public health and in continuous innovation in the development of these technologies. Please note that this paper is focuses on SaMD.
- 107

#### 108 2.1. Note on Terminology

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- 111 This white paper does not intend to define any terms in relating to SaMD. It is noted that some of the 112 terms adopted in regulatory guidance are different from each other even though they share the same 113 or similar name. This is confusing when preparing regulatory (submission) documentation for multiple
- 114 jurisdictions and increases the likelihood of mistakes.

#### 116 3. Japan MHLW/PMDA

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#### 118 **3.1.1.** Japan SaMD Pre-Market Submission requirement

- 119 In Japan, the pre-market submission requirements for Software as a Medical Device (SaMD) are
- 120 governed by the Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Act (PMD Act).

#### 121 Scope of regulated software medical device (Yakushokukannma-hatsu #1114-5 薬食監麻発 1228-

- 122 2 第 2 号)[1]:
- "'Medical Device Programs' (which means SaMD) are used for diagnosis, treatment or prevention of
   human diseases or for effect on human anatomy or function by being installed into general purpose
   computers or mobile devices."
- 126 For Class II, III and IV Medical Device Programs pre-market application is required, but it is not required
- for Class I Medical Device Programs because they are not under the control of Pharmaceutical and
- 128 Medical Devices Act (PMD Act). The applications for Class II Medical Device Programs are reviewed
- 129 under the Certification Standard by 3rd Party Certification Bodies specified by MHLW. Most of the
- applications for Class III and IV Medical Device Programs are reviewed by the PMDA.
- 131

#### 132 SaMD Classification in Japan

Non-SaMD	SaMD			
For health control		Class II	Class III	Class IV
(ex: programs which give patients advice on meal or exercise for health	For treatment at home	For used exclusively at home		
maintenance and promotion	For diagnostics	For computer assisted im	aging diagnostics	
Educational program (ex: training programs for health care professionals) In-hospital business support program (ex: medical appointment system, electronic medical record)		For computer assisted dia imaging	agnostics other than	
			For gene mutation analysis	
	For treatment	For therapy planning sup	port	
		For Surgical Support		
Programs corresponded to Class I (ex: eye test, programs for color perception test)		Application for behavioural therapy	For controlling active implantable device	

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- 135
- 136
- 137

#### 138 **3.1.2.** PMDA submission requirement

139 Submission requirements (Yakushokuki-hatsu #1121-33 [2] and "Application file and STED templates

- 140 with sample description for program medical device approval application" Jimurenraku 02102015).
- 141

#### 142 Table 2. Submission requirement for Japan PMDA in relates to software medical device

Ар	plication file (body)	
1	Name	Category, JMDN (Japanese medical device nomenclature,) Product name
2	Purpose of use or effectiveness	Indicated patient, disease, usage condition, expected result, effectiveness
3	Shape, structure and mechanism	<ul> <li>Concrete and detailed explanation about what the product is including following:</li> <li>How to be provided (e.g. Sold by downloading, Provided by memory storage etc.)</li> <li>Mechanism of operation (e.g. input, processing algorithm, output info)</li> <li>Platform requirement (e.g. HDD, Memory, CPU, OS, electric safety (JIS T0601-1 or JIS C6950-1 etc.)</li> <li>Devices to be used with (other medical devices (incld. SaMD,) program)</li> <li>If the product has an additional function, the description is also required.</li> </ul>
4	Raw material, Mfg method Storage method & shelf-life	No description required
5	Specification related to performance and safety	Design specifications required as the product requirements as a program medical device installed in the platform from perspectives of quality, safety and effectiveness (performance and function.) Same info as the "Shape, structure and mechanism" is not required. They should be verified at development life cycle and design phase and assured as the final product quality, safety and effectiveness specification. Test methods are also required if no standards.
6	Usage method	Operation environment, preconditioning, requirement specs of combined equipment, Usage method from preparation/installation (downloading,) operation to the equipment power turning off by using flowchart or illustrations. If it is used with any other products, the usage method should include the combined products.
7	Manufacturing sites	Design mfg site name, registration # Domestic final labeling or shipping site name, registration #
8	Package insert	Draft package insert
ST	ED (summary and attachment	s)
1	Product description	Development history including needs or background and design concept, Other design and development history, summary product description including relationship between design concept and product design specifications, Approval and complaints history in foreign countries, Comparison with the existing approved medical devices.
2	Essential principles and the conformity	Reference standards, Essential principles and the evidence/explanation of conformity (EP checklist)
3	Product details	Specifications related to performance and safety and the evident data,
4	Design verification and validation summary	Declaration of conformity, Evident data of conformity to applicable product standard (Design verification and validations summary and documentations). Clinical evidence if necessary.
5	Labeling	Package insert (draft) Domestic designated labeling (draft,) Conformity to applicable JIS standard required by the applicable product standard
6	Risk analysis/management	Risk management organization, Risk analysis results (critical hazards) and risk mitigation actions taken
7	Manufacturing information	No description required

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#### 144 4. Australia TGA

#### 146 **4.1.1.** Australia SaMD regulation requirements

In Australia, software based medical devices are medical devices that incorporate software or are
software, including software as a medical device, or software that relies on hardware to function as
intended, and are regulated in Australia by TGA. Software (including mobile apps) is a medical device
if it fits within the definition of a medical device in section 41BD of the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989,
unless otherwise excluded [3].

- There is no specific SaMD Pre-Market submission requirement under Therapeutic Good Act 1989. However, if software is qualified as medical device, the product should go through the necessary conformity assessment and principle requirements by referencing to the Essential Principle Checklist, and ARTG listing similar to any other medical device. The TGA maintains a comprehensive SaMD guidance portal, which includes SaMD regulations (draft), FAQs, a factsheet on SaMD advertisements, among other resources.
- 158 The TGA has implemented a regulatory reform concerning SaMD by making changes to Therapeutic

159 Goods (Medical Devices) Regulation 2002, introducing new classification rules and amending essential

160 principles to clarify SaMD regulations. The changes under the reform is effective from 25 Feb 2021.

- 161 Guidance that outlines the regulation changes [4] and draft guidance on SaMD regulatory approach
- 162 [5] are available on the TGA website.

#### 164 **5.** China NMPA

#### 165 **5.1.1.** China SaMD regulation requirement

166 In China, standalone software (SaMD) refers to software that has one or more medical

167 purposes/uses, can complete its intended use without medical device hardware, and run on a

168 general-purpose computing platform. The general computing platform meets the safety

169 requirements of information technology equipment (including electromagnetic compatibility, and

- 170 complies with GB 4943.1, GB/T 9254 and other standards.
- 171

Both Software in a Medical Device and Software as a Medical Device are regulated in China. In 2015,

173 the National Medical Products Administration – NMPA published the registration guidance

document for software related submissions. Technical Evaluation of submissions will be performed

by the Centre for Medical Device Evaluation (CMDE) under the NMPA. The guidance was revised in

176 2022, any medical device software registration shall follow the latest NMPA software guidance.

Furthermore, NMPA CMDE already setup digital health regulation framework, including general
 software technical review guidance, which is mentioned above, the cybersecurity review guidance,

179 Al medical device review guidance, mobile medical device review guidance and specific software

- 180 product review guidance, like PACS [6].
- 181

#### 182 **5.1.2.** China NMPA Submission Requirements

183 NMPA request manufacture to provide a software study report for new and change medical device

184 product registration submission. The structure of the software study report can be found in table 3.

185 In addition, the NMPA general software guidance also indicate the requirement about the software

186 version, measurement function, interoperability, UDI, quality management software, IFU and etc.

187

188 The study report shall cover self-development software and off-the-shelf (OTS) software and cloud

- 189 computing. Since the manufacture won't manage the OTS software and cloud computing through
- 190 full software lifecycle, the submission requirements are tailored and focus on the verification,
- 191 maintenance and risk management.
- 192

	Table 3: Submission	e 3: Submission Software Safety Class			
	Requirement for MedicalMinorModerateDevice Software Description			Major	
	DocumentationReport				
	Clauses				
Basic	Software identification	Describe software name, model, version No., HASH (#) value, registration applicant and manufacturing address			
ic i	Level of Safety Class	Indicating the Level of safe	ty class and a description of the ra	tionale for that level.	
information	Architecture and function	The functions, uses, interfaces of component module and function module and the prerequisite software shall be explained according to the architecture diagram, user interface relationship diagram and main interface diagram.			
tion	Physical Topology	Describe the physical connection relation among software/composition module, general computer platform and medical device hardware/component, prerequisite software according to the physical topological diagram.			
	Operating environment	Identify the typical operating environment required for the normal operation of the software, including the hardware configuration, external software environment, prerequisite software, and network conditions.			
	Registration history	Identify the registration status of software in China and the country of origin.			
Rea	Development overview	Describe development language, tool, method, model, personnel, time, workload, number of code line and controlling documents			
Realizati	Risk management		ent process workflow chart and des ne risk analysis report, risk manager rovided.		

Software Lifecycle process	The software development process, software maintenance process, and software configuration management process shall be summarized.	Provide the software development process workflow chart, software maintenance process workflow chart, software configuration management process workflow chart and describe activities in the software development process, software maintenance process and software configuration management process.	Provide the software development process workflow chart, software maintenance process workflow chart, software configuration managemen process workflow chart and describe activities in the software development process, software maintenance process and software configuration management process. The index table of software design history files and software coding rule document shall be provide
Verification and validation	Provide the plan and report of system test and user test	Summarize the quality assurance activities at various stages of software development process and provide the plans and reports for system testing & user testing.	Provide the software development quality assurance workflow chart and describe the quality assurance activities for software development process, the plan and repo of integration testing, system testing, user testir shall be provided.
Traceability Analysis		eability analysis process workflow ch nalysis process. The traceability ana	
Defect Management	Summary of software defect management process, and product the total number of known defects and the number of residual defects.	Provide the software defect mana chart, describe the activities in the process. Indicate the total number number of residual effects of the be specified. The contents, impact defects shall be listed, ensuring th	e software defect managem r of known defects and the software subject version sha ss, risks of known residual
Change history	The software version naming rules, software release version and software integral version shall be specified; the integral version, date, type and details of all previous software updates since the previous registration shall be listed.	The software version naming rules, software release version and software integral version shall be specified; the integral version, date, type and details of all previous software updates since the previous registration shall be listed.	The software version nam rules, software release version and software integral version shall be specified; the integral version, date, type and details of all previous software updates since th initial registration shall be listed.
e functions	The name of core functions, core algorithms used and intended uses of the software shall be listed, and the type shall be	The name of core functions, core a of the software shall be listed and study data of safety and effectiver brand-new core functions, core al	the type shall be noted. The noted is a shall be provided for the
		 implementation process of softwar functions shall be summarized. And	

#### 194 6. South Korea MFDS

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#### 196 6.1.1. MFDS SaMD regulation requirements

In South Korea, "Medical device software" refers to software developed and manufactured for the
 purposes specified in Article 2 of the Medical Device Act, including embedded software, standalone
 software, and mobile medical apps.

There are multiple specific guidance documents that have been published under the existing Medical Device Act over the past 10 years, such as the Guidance on Review and Approval of Medical Device Software, Guidance for Medical Device Software Validation, Guidance for Mobile Medical Apps, Guidance for General Wellness Devices, Guidance for Software requirements for Big Data and Al Medical Device Registration and the recent Guide on Regulation on Review and Approval of Medical Device Software (2023) [7].

206

#### 207 6.1.2. MFDS Guidance for Software requirement for Medical Device Registration

208 Form No.14 under the Revised Regulation for approval, notification, review of medical device, is

209 described and explained by this guidance as published in June 2018 [8]. The table below (unofficial

translation) shows the key documents and information required for submission.

#### Table 4. Form No. 14 of Revised Regulation for approval, notification, review of medical device

Medical Device Software Compliance Verification Report				
Item name		Software name		
(Item classification number)		and version		
Software	□Built-in	□Standalone		
Usage type				
Software functional	Control	Measure	Analysis	
characteristics	Diagnosis	Data Conversion	🗆 Data	
(Multiple selection possible)	Receive Data	🗆 Display	transmission	
			🗆 Other	
Software Safety Class	□ A	□ B	□ C	
Software Intended Use				
Software Operation				
Environment				
(Standalone software only)				

	Software	e.g. Software Development Plan	
	Development Plan		
	Software	e.g. Software Requirement	
	Requirement Analysis	Specification	
Software Development	Software	e.g. Software Architecture; Software	
	Implementation	Design Specification	
	Software Verification	e.g. Software Verification and	
	and Validation	Validation	
	Software Distribution	e.g. Software Release	
Software Maintenance and	e.g. Software Maintena	Ince; Software Problem Resolution	
Troubleshooting			
Software Risk Management	e.g. Software Risk Management		
Software Configuration	e.g. Software Configuration Management		
Management			

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#### 228 **7. Singapore HSA**

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230 In Singapore, Standalone software (also known as SaMD in IMRDF context) is a software and/or mobile

- applications that is intended to function by itself and are not intended for use to control or affect theoperation of other hardware medical devices.
- 233 7.1.1. HSA SaMD regulation requirements
- As mentioned, SaMD is classified as a medical device based on the first schedule of the *Health*
- 235 *Products Act 2007* as it is used for humans for one or more of the specific purposes of:
- 236 I. diagnosis, prevention, monitoring, treatment or alleviation of disease;
- 237 II. diagnosis, monitoring, treatment or alleviation of, or compensation for, an injury;
- 238 III. investigation, replacement, modification or support of the anatomy or of a physiological
  239 process, mainly for medical purposes;
- 240 IV. supporting or sustaining life;
- 241 V. control of conception;
- 242 VI. disinfection of medical devices; or
- VII. providing information by means of in-vitro examination of specimens derived from thehuman body, for medical or diagnostic purposes.
- 245 Singapore HSA's approach to medical device classification was revised and updated in their
- 246 "Guidelines on Risk Classification of Standalone Medical Mobile Applications and Qualification of
- 247 Clinical Decision Support Software (CDSS)" updated in April 2022. Per the updated guidelines, HSA
- 248 leverages the risk-based classification framework described by IMDRF (ref IMDRF/SaMD WG/N12)
- and takes into consideration the significance of the information provided to the healthcare decision
- as well as the state of healthcare situation or condition in determining risk classification. Lower risk
- 251 software is classified as Class A, while more regulatory oversight is provided to higher risk software.
- 252 Of note, this guidance also clarifies that lower risk CDSS would be considered Class A if it met certain
- criteria outlined in the guidance. The Act and its Regulations prescribe the regulatory controls for all
- 254 medical devices including SaMD. The Health Sciences Authority also published guidance documents
- to provide guidance on product registration, dealer's licensing, change notification and
- amendments, special access routes, advertisement and sales promotion, safety monitoring, and
- 257 technical references.

#### 258 **7.1.2.** HSA Guidance for Software requirement for Medical Device Registration

- 259 The Act and its subsidiary Regulations require Class B and C SaMD to be registered with HSA prior to
- 260 placing them on the Singapore market. Although Class A SaMD are exempted from the product
- registration, manufacturers and importers are required to submit a list of their Class A SaMD
- 262 electronically to HSA as part of the licensing requirements.
- 263 GN-15: Guidance on Medical Device Product Registration [9] provides general guidance to local
- registrants on the types of evaluation route for SaMD. The details of each route are summarized in
- the tables below:

Туре	Risk Class	Eligibility Criteria
Full	В, С	A SaMD that has not obtained any prior approval from any of HSA's reference regulatory agencies
Abridged	В, С	A SaMD that has obtained at least one reference agency approval for a labelled use identical to that intended for marketing in SG.
Immediate Class B Registration (IBR) / Immediate Class C Registration (ICR)	B, C	<ul> <li>A Class B or C SaMD may qualify for registration via the IBR/ ICR route if it fulfils specific conditions:</li> <li>IBR-1/ ICR <ul> <li>Obtained approval from at least one of HSA's independent reference regulatory agencies for a labelled use identical to that intend for marketing in SG. (IBR-1 and ICR)</li> <li>Marketed for at least three years in the above independent reference regulatory agency's jurisdiction (IBR-1 only)</li> <li>No safety issues globally. (IBR-1 and ICR)</li> </ul> </li> <li>IBR-2 <ul> <li>Obtained approvals from at least two of HSA's independent reference regulatory agencies for a labelled use identical to that intend for marketing in SG.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
		No safety issues globally.

For more details and requirements, please refer to the GN-15. Exclusion criteria may apply to certain
 routes.

268 Under the Verification and Validation documents, software verification and validation studies are 269 required for standalone medical mobile applications; and traceability analysis is required for full 270 evaluation route. Software version indicated in the report should tally with the version to be supplied 271 in Singapore.

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All software medical device manufacturers are recommended to adopt a Total Product Life Cycle

- 274 (TPLC) [10] approach to manage and adapt to the rapid changes, including
- a. quality management system
- b. pre-market registration
- 277 c. dealer's licensing requirements
- 278 d. change notification
- e. post-market management
- 280 f. cybersecurity
- 281 g. Artificial Intelligence 282

<ol> <li>Summary of SaMD Pre-Market Submission requirements, similar or difference</li> </ol>	erence
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285 The following is a summary of key requirement for the jurisdictions compared:

#### 286 SaMD required

- 287 1. Level of Concern / Risk Categorization<sup>#</sup>
- 288 2. Software Description including Platform and Operation Environment<sup>#</sup>
- 289 3. Device Hazard Analysis / Risk Assessment<sup>#</sup>
- 290 4. Software Requirement Specifications (SRS) #
- 291 5. Architecture Design Chart<sup>#</sup>
- 292 6. Software Design Specification (SDS)<sup>#</sup>
- 293 7. Traceability Analysis<sup>#</sup>
- 294 8. Software Development Environment Description<sup>#</sup>
- 295 9. Verification & Validation Documentation<sup>#</sup>
- 296 10. Software Version/Revision level History<sup>#</sup>
- 297 11. Unresolved Anomalies (Bugs or Defects)<sup>#</sup>
- 298 12. Software Configuration Management<sup>#</sup>
- 299 13. Medical Device Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC) standards

#### 300 Other requirements, emphasized in certain regulatory guidance

- 301 1. Labelling (Product Label & Instruction For Use)
- 302 2. Intended Use & Indication for Use
- 303 3. Contra-indications
- 304 4. Market History
- 305 5. Registration History (Product Approval in Country of Origin)
- 306 6. Clinical Evaluations / Clinical Trial / Clinical Studies
- 307 7. Essential Principal / Essential Requirements
- 308 8. Unique Device Identification (UDI)
- 309 9. Cloud computing
- 310 10. OTS software
- A table below compares and summarizes the requirements in different jurisdictions.
- 312 # Also part of the IEC 62304:2015 requirements.

#### Table 5: Summaries of SaMD Pre-Market Submission Requirements

Doc \ Economy	Japan PMDA	Australia TGA	China NMPA	South Korea MFDS	SG HSA
Level of Concern / Risk Categorization	Not Part of Premarket Submission Requirements	Incorporate into Medical Device classification	Yes	Yes	Incorporate into Medical Device classification
Software Description including Platform and Operation Environment <sup>#</sup>	Yes	No SaMD Specific submission guidance published as of Oct 2019.	Yes	Yes	Yes
Device Hazard Analysis / Risk Assessment <sup>#</sup>	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes
Software Requirement Specifications (SRS)#	Not Part of Premarket Submission Requirements		Yes	Yes	Yes
Architecture Design Chart <sup>#</sup>	Not Part of Premarket Submission Requirements		Yes	Yes	Yes
Software Design Specification (SDS) <sup>#</sup>	Not Part of Premarket Submission Requirements		Yes	Yes	Yes
Traceability Analysis#	Not Part of Premarket Submission Requirements		Yes	Not Part of Premarket Submission Requirements	Yes
Software Development Environment Description <sup>#</sup>	Not Part of Premarket Submission Requirements		Yes	Yes	Yes
Verification & Validation Documentation#	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes
Revision level History <sup>#</sup>	Not Part of Premarket Submission Requirements		Yes	Yes	Yes
Unresolved Anomalies (Bugs or Defects)#	Not Part of Premarket Submission Requirements		Yes	Not Part of Premarket Submission Requirements	Yes
Software Configuration Management#	Not Part of Premarket Submission Requirements		Not Part of Premarket Submission Requirements	Yes	Yes
Medical Device - Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC) standards	Yes. IEC62304:2015 / JIS T 2304	Not Part of Premarket Submission Requirements	SDLC summary is required. IEC 62304 (YY/T 0664) checklist is recommended.	Yes. IEC62304:2015	Yes. IEC62304:2015

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Other Requirements							
Doc \ Economy	Japan PMDA	Australia TGA	China NMPA	South Korea MFDS	SG HSA		
Instruction for use	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
Intended Use & Indication for Use	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
Contra-indications	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
Market History	Yes	Yes	Yes	Not Part of Premarket Submission Requirements	Yes		
Registration History (Product Approval in Country of Origin	Not Part of Premarket Submission Requirements	Not Part of Premarket Submission Requirements	Yes	Not Part of Premarket Submission Requirements	Yes (for immediate & Abridged registration path)		
Clinical Evaluations / Trial / Studies	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
Labelling	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
Essential Principles / Essential Requirements	Yes	Yes	Not Part of Premarket Submission Requirements	Not Part of Premarket Submission Requirements	Yes		
Unique Device Identification (UDI)	UDI applies to SaMD since 2019	Under discussion for guidance and implementation. No timeline yet	Yes, required for Class III SaMD.	Yes. Starting from 2019 by phase	Yes. Starting from 2024 by phase		

317 # Also the requirements of IEC 62304:2015.

#### 318 9. <u>Summary</u>

#### 319

320 There is a trend to require a common set of information in order to compile SaMD pre-market 321 submissions, although some jurisdictions do have unique requirements. However, most of these 322 requirements are closely related to the Medical Device Software Development Life Cycle - in the traditional medical device manufacturing point of view it is similar to an integrated Design, 323 324 Development and Manufacturing process. A more harmonised approach to SaMD regulatory 325 requirements, beginning with terminology, is very important. Not only for "manufacturers" but 326 also for reviewers and users of SaMD, especially when the same product is made available in 327 multiple jurisdictions.

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